

RBMTX

User Manual



GSM/LTE



english version

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1 Document history

Revision	Date	Changes
#01	5.04.2015	- New router pictures and screens of configuration panel - Revised par. 2.3 Modem versions
#02	15.09.2016	- Corrected temperature range - Changed processor model

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2 Package

2.1 Box

Original box of the product is shown in the picture below.



User can find product sticker on the box which matches sticker placed on the device - it proves that your modem is an original product. More information about stickers are in chapter Product sticker.

2.2 Package contents



Complete package contains:

1. RBMTX router
2. Antenna GSM (SMA connector)
3. Power adapter

2.3 Modem versions

There are many ways to upgrade your RBMTX router. List below shows typical configuration and different combinations (variants) of this terminal.

Option	Typical	Option
Power supply	9-30V	-
CPU	i.MX283 454MHz	-
Memory	128MB RAM, 512MB MicroSD card (part used for Linux system, the size of SD card can be changed in the future)	-
RS232	Systems console	Second RS485, instead of RS232
RS485	1	2
I/O connectors	-	4 digital inputs, 4 digital outputs, ADC output, 2 analog inputs, I ² C, CAN interface, 3.3V output power supply, audio I/O, miniUSB 2.0
Connection	HSPA+ (GSM, GPRS, EDGE)	UMTS, LTE
SIM	Extractable	Built-in
Dual SIM	-	available
Audio codec	-	Mono microphone. Stereo input LINE IN, Stereo output LINE OUT, or Speaker output SPK OUT
LAN	Ethernet 10/100Mbps	WiFi modem

Product codes:

RBMTX- **x**

H	-	HE910
L	-	LE910
U	-	UL865

1	-	1SIM
2	-	2SIM

X	-	standard
IO	-	option GPIO

G	-	GPS
W	-	WiFi
D	-	DIV antenna

X	-	standard
---	---	----------

X	-	standard: - power supply - antenna
---	---	--

Special Software

Special Option

Example: **RBMTX-Hx1.X.G.X.X** – HSPA+ modem with GPS, 1 SIM holder

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3 General presentation

3.1 Front panel



3.2 Back panel



3.3 External connections

3.3.1 GSM antenna connector

SMA antenna connector placed on front panel is used to connect external GSM. It must be used to establish a connection with GSM network. In good circumstances (good coverage, level of received signal is high) use antenna which is included in package. When signal strength is poor please use outdoor directional/omnidirectional or indoor antenna.

Note: If antenna is not connected, connection with GSM network will be impossible.

3.3.2 Modem serial port, either full RS232/RS485

Serial RS232/RS485 (RJ-45 connector marked as "SERIAL") is placed on front panel of router and can be configured for special use.

version		
RS232 RS485	2x RS485	RB-MTX
		RJ45
A	A1	1
5V	5V	2
B	B1	3
GND	GND	4
TX	A2	5
RX	B2	6
RTS	NC	7
CTS	NC	8

	Rb-MTX RJ45	RS232 DB9F	RS485 DB9F
A	1	nc	1
5V	2	2	2
B	3	3	nc
GND	4	nc	nc
TX	5	5	5
RX	6	ns	6
RTS	7	7	nc
CTS	8	8	nc



3.3.3 LAN connector

Second RJ-45 connector (marked as "LAN") is placed next to serial connector and used for communication with PC or laptop through Ethernet interface. WWW configuration is available in the web browser (default IP address is 192.168.1.234). You can change the default address in "[Local network](#)" tab.

3.3.4 Power supply connector

Please use power adapter which is included in package. It ensures “clean” power supply input and avoids short transients on power supply lines originating from inductive load switching. Power supply range of RBMTX router is 9-30V.

3.3.5 Audio I/O

Audio Input and Output lines are available as an option. There are three lines available:

- SPK/LINE OUT – external speaker or line out
- LINE IN
- MIC IN –microphone input

3.3.6 20-pin connector

RBMTX is available with 20pin connector as an option. Pinout is showed in a table below.



<i>PIN*</i> <i>Upper row</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>PIN*</i> <i>Lower row</i>	<i>Function</i>
1	ADC IN1	2	ADC IN2
3	DAC OUT	4	GND (not main supply input)
5	GND (not main supply input)	6	GND (not main supply input)
7	IN1	8	IN2
9	IN3	10	IN4
11	OUT1	12	OUT2
13	OUT3	14	OUT4
15	I2C SDA	16	I2C SCL
17	CAN L	18	CAN H
19	GND (not main supply input)	20	+3.3V output, 75mA max.

GND – ground. **Please don't connect it directly with “-” of power supply input.**

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3.3.7 SIM card holders



SIM card holders are placed in front panel of RBMTX and marged as “SIM1” and “SIM2”. To insert SIM card into the extractable holder **push yellow button and take SIM drawer out**. Place SIM card as show in the picture. To operate the module in a GSM network, it is necessary to insert at least one active SIM card.

3.4 Product sticker

A production sticker includes the following information:

- Product serial number
- CE marking
- 15-digit bar code
- model signature (RBMTX)



Device sticker



Box Sticker

4 Basic features and services

Basic features and available services are contained in table below.

Feature / service	Description
Supported bands	<p>All variants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GSM 900 Class 4 (2W) • DCS 1800 Class 1 (1W) • EDGE 900MHz Class E2 (0.5W) • EDGE 1800MHz Class E2 (0.4W) <p>HSPA+ variant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WCDMA FDD B1, B2, B4, B5, B8 Class 3 (0.25W) <p>UMTS variant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WCDMA FDD B1, B8 Class 3 (0.25W) <p>LTE variant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WCDMA FDD B1, B5, B8 Class 3 (0.25W) • LTE FDD B3, B7, B20 Class 3 (0.2W)
Data features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ HSPA+ (downlink 21 Mbit/s, uplink 5,76 Mbit/s) ➤ UMTS (downlink 7,2 Mbit/s, uplink 5,76 Mbit/s) ➤ EDGE (Multi-slot class 10, max BR downlink 236,8 Kb/s) ➤ GPRS (Multi-slot class 10, max BR downlink 85,6 Kb/s) ➤ CSD (Max BR 14,4 Kb/s) ➤ Embedded protocols: TCP/IP, UDP/IP, SSL, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, SMTP, POP3, IBM MQTT ➤ Class B GSM 07.10 multiplexing protocol
WiFi	<p>Standard:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 802.11b/g/n, 802.3, 802.3u <p>Date rate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • up to 150 Mbps
Power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Nominal voltage range: 9V-30V ➤ Maximum continuous (average) supply power: 5W ➤ Peak (momentary) supply current: 1 A
Interfaces (typical version)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ GSM antenna connector: SMA ➤ 1x SIM Card: 1.8V, 3V standards ➤ RS232 and RS485 via RJ-45 ➤ RJ-45 connector (x2) ➤ miniUSB (OTG) ➤ power supply connector
Options*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Dual SIM ➤ I/O interfaces (CAN, 3.3V output,) ➤ Audio I/O ➤ WiFi antenna connector: SMA
Other	<p>Physical size:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Max. Dimensions: 83 x 60 x 34 mm (w/ connectors) <p>Operating temperature range:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Min. -15°C Max. 45°C

*option

5 Using the modem

5.1 Setting up the modem

To set the modem, do the following steps:

5.1.1 Inserting SIM card(s)

- Push yellow button placed on front panel and take SIM drawer out.
- Place SIM card(s) in the holder(s) as shown in the picture:



Router are available with one or two SIM slots

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5.1.2 Connecting antenna

→ Connect GSM antenna to SMA connector



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5.1.3 Connecting power supply cable

- Connect power supply cable into power supply connector



5.1.4 Connecting LAN cable with RJ-45

- Plug LAN cable into RJ-45 plug.



5.2 Router configuration

Router is configured via web browser. Modem settings are divided into sections which allows user to easily find needed option. If you need to save new settings please apply them using "Save settings". You can also discard changes by choosing appropriate option from menu.

WARNING: Cache of router is cleared on device reset.

NOTE: Not all tabs are available on every modem version.

5.2.1 Setting up the connection

When you connect all necessary cables (see Setting up the modem) you can setup connection. Connect LAN cable to your computer and go to Internet protocol TCP/IP properties (**Network connections -> Local Area Connection -> Internet protocol TCP/IP-> Properties**) and set your IP address as 192.168.1.x. Please read how to change TCP/IP settings of your network card in this thread (example for Windows 7):

<http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/change-tcp-ip-settings#1TC=windows-7>

5.2.2 Modem status page

Go to your web browser and put IP address **192.168.1.234**. You will be asked for username and password. By default it is:

Username: admin

Password: 12345

If everything is configured correctly you should see following screen:

This is status page of RBMTX router. Here you can check if modem is connected to network, its parameters and information about PPP connection. Device status page is refreshing automatically.

The screenshot displays the 'Status' page of the RBMTX router. The page is divided into several sections:

- Device status:** A sidebar menu with categories like Basic, Advanced, Administration, and Configuration.
- Status:** The main content area showing:
 - Modem information:** Model, firm. ver. (HE910 D (12.00.002)), IMEI (351579051606566), PIN (READY), Operator Selection (O.C.Plus.2), Network Registration Status (2.1.2AFA,47FA216.2), Signal Strength (CSQ) (7), Packet Data Service (WCDMA), GSM selection (MASTER).
 - GSM information:** GSM TP (5.60.205.46), RX (packets:118 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 bytes:1110 (2.0 KiB)), TX (packets:109 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 bytes:1177 (2.1 KiB)).
 - WiFi information:** SSID (mode.com123 (freq: 2.412 GHz)), TP (ACCESS POINT 192.168.1.255), AP MAC (SCF3:70:13:EE:65), Link quality, Signal level, and Noise level.

In table below you can find the description of each field in "Device status" tab:

Field	Example	Description
Model, firm. ver.	GMM: LE910-EUG (17.01.522)	GSM module info
IMEI	359852050093104	device serial number
PIN	READY	SIM card status: SIM PIN - PIN lock (please set right PIN number in "GSM network" tab) READY - SIM unlocked SIM PUK - PUK lock
Operator Selection	0,0,Orange,2	name (3rd parameter), access technology (4th parameter): <u>for UMTS/HSPA+ variants:</u> 0 - GSM 2 - UTRAN <u>for LTE variant:</u> 0 - GSM 1 - GSM Compact 2 - UTRAN 3 - GSM w/EGPRS 4 - UTRAN w/HSDPA 5 - UTRAN w/HSUPA 6 - UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA 7 - E-UTRAN
Network Registration Status	2,1,E2D6,280BAD1,2	registration status (2nd parameter), location area code (3rd parameter), cell ID (4th parameter). Possible statuses: 0 - not registered, terminal is not currently searching a new operator to register to 1 - registered, home network 2 - not registered, but terminal is currently searching a new operator to register to 3 - registration denied 4 - unknown 5 - registered, roaming
Signal Strength (CSQ)	7 (Marginal, -99 dBm)	-
Packet Data Service	HSDPA	type of packet data service
GSM selection	MASTER	SIM card selection
GSM IP	10.228.211.212	-
RX	packets:12 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000	-
TX	packets:20 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0	-

5.2.3 Local network

On "LAN network" configuration page you can find essential parameters needed for LAN connection. Here you can set IP Address (or set it to be downloaded via DHCP), mask, default gateway and DNS addresses. Last two options can be entered manually or downloaded automatically via GSM or DHCP. Modem can also works as DHCP server - you can define its range and set list of IP-MAC binds.

The screenshot displays the RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel. The interface is divided into a left sidebar menu and a main configuration area. The sidebar menu includes sections for Device status, Basic, Advanced, Administration, and Configuration. The 'Local network' option under the Basic section is selected and highlighted in red. The main configuration area is titled 'Networking' and contains two main sections: 'LAN configuration' and 'DHCP server on LAN'.

LAN configuration

Configuration	Manual
IP Address	192.168.1.234 Enter IP address here
Mask	255.255.255.0 Enter mask here
Set MAC address manually	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Manual MAC address	<input type="text"/> Enter MAC address here
Gateway	Auto via GSM 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway
Use DNS	Auto via GSM
DNS 1	<input type="text"/>
DNS 2	<input type="text"/>

DHCP server on LAN

DHCP Server	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server
Range start	192.168.1.100
Range end	192.168.1.200
DNS defined	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers
DNS master	<input type="text"/>
DNS slave	<input type="text"/>

DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP

Binds list	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

Please choose DHCP bind you would like to edit. Please note that

5.2.4 GSM network

On "GSM network" page you can define internet connection parameters (APN, username, password, CSD, ISP IP and Modem band) for one or two SIM cards (depending on modem version). To use internet you should know those parameters - they are essential for getting access to internet. The parameters should be ensured by your mobile network provider.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status

Basic

Local network

GSM network

Wifi network

Connection control

Ports configuration

TCP/IP forwarding

VLAN

Static routes

Dynamic DNS

Access control

Advanced

OpenVPN

IPsec static

IPsec mobile

IPsec authentication

N2N

CARP

NTRIP

Text messages actions

E-mail actions

GPIO

Administration

Time

Syslog

User files

Configuration

Backup and restore

Discard changes

Save settings

GSM connection

SIM slot	Master	Slave
PIN	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
	<input type="text"/> Enter PIN here	<input type="text"/> Enter PIN here
Predefined APN	enter manually ▼	enter manually ▼
APN	internet Enter APN here or select it from above list	internet Enter APN here or select it from above list
CSD	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
	<input type="text"/> Enter CSD here	<input type="text"/> Enter CSD here
Username	<input type="text"/> Enter username here	<input type="text"/> Enter username here
Password	<input type="text"/> Enter password here	<input type="text"/> Enter password here
ISP IP	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
	<input type="text"/> Enter ISP IP here	<input type="text"/> Enter ISP IP here
Modem band	2G and 3G ▼ Select modem band	2G and 3G ▼ Select modem band
Connection	Always on ▼ Modem connect	Always on ▼ Modem connect
	<input type="text"/> Idle time before suspend (range 0-86400 sec)	<input type="text"/> Idle time before suspend (range 0-86400 sec)

To enter the PIN for SIM card you need to mark "Enable" field and then fill the field below with correct PIN. Please note that outgoing calls are made always on MASTER SIM card.

5.2.5 WiFi network

“WiFi network” tab is available only in RBMTX with WiFi option. In this menu you can set parameters of your WiFi connection. To scan all available networks please use “Scanning” button. You will be redirected to page with list of networks in a view. You can set a WiFi mode (Access point or Station), fill a name and password of selected network. You can also enable DHCP server and AP clients.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel	
Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223	
teleorigin.com	
Wireless	
Wifi scanner	<input type="button" value="Scanning"/>
Mode	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
Name (SSID)	<input type="text"/>
Channel	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Security options	<input type="text" value="WPA/WPA2-PSK"/>
Passphrase	<input type="text"/>
DHCP LAN server for WIFI client	
DHCP Server	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server This is The same settings as the LAN Noted: If DHCP server not enabled your WIFI clients can not get automatically IP address
Range start	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.100"/>
Range end	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.200"/>
Allowed WIFI AP clients	
Enable client filtering by MAC address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Allowed MACs list	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
Please choose allowed MAC you would like to edit. Please note that after editing allowed MACs you have to save global settings.	
Identifier	<input type="text"/> Please enter any name/identifier
MAC	<input type="text"/>

Device status
Basic
Local network
GSM network
Wifi network
Connection control
Ports configuration
TCP/IP forwarding
VLAN
Static routes
Dynamic DNS
Access control
Advanced
OpenVPN
IPsec static
IPsec mobile
IPsec authentication
N2N
CARP
NTRIP
Text messages actions
E-mail actions
GPIO
Administration
Time
Syslog
User files
Configuration
Backup and restore
Discard changes
Save settings

5.2.6 Connection control

Here you can set parameters of switching between two SIM cards. You can define time for ping and ping counter for 4 IP addresses you choose. In example (picture) here after 3 pings that take 10 seconds each card will change from Master to Slave or opposite.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

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Device status

Basic

Local network

GSM network

Wifi network

Connection control

Ports configuration

TCP/IP forwarding

VLAN

Static routes

Dynamic DNS

Access control

Advanced

OpenVPN

IPsec static

IPsec mobile

IPsec authentication

N2N

CARP

NTRIP

Text messages actions

E-mail actions

GPIO

Administration

Time

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Configuration

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Save settings

GSM switching


GSM connection control

Limits	<input type="text" value="10"/> Enter ping timeout in seconds (1-1000)
	<input type="text" value="3"/> Enter ping count (1-3600)
	<input type="text" value="600"/> Enter ping interval in seconds (1-86400)
IP 1	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 1
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address
IP 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 2
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address
IP 3	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 3
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address
IP 4	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 4
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address

5.2.7 Ports configuration

User is able to set port settings under RS232/RS485 port configuration page. There are 3 configurable ports: /dev/ttyS0, /dev/ttyACM0 and /dev/ttyS1 or /dev/ttyUSB0 (depending on modem version). Every port can be set to different mode. On /dev/ttyS0 you can set terminal, ModBus gateway or NTRIP mode. Two other ports can work as modem port (modem control and modem data) or SMS receiving port (see also: SMS Actions section).

Every port can also be set to forwarding mode that allows user to forward it to TCP/UDP port (as server or client). Port /dev/ttyS0 can also be forwarded to modem control or modem data port. In that case no other mode can be set on that port. Setting modes on /dev/ttyS0 and /dev/ttyS1 (LTE modem variant only) enables setting port parameters: baud rate, data bits, parity checking and protocol. If parameter is inactive, this means that user can't control it in currently set mode.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel
 Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223
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Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP
- Text messages actions
- E-mail actions
- GPIO

Administration

- Time
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings


Ports

Port settings				
Port type	Serial RS-232 External /dev/ttyS0	Serial RS-485 External /dev/ttySP0	Modem control Internal /dev/ttyACM3	Modem data Internal /dev/ttyACM0
Mode	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="text" value="Information"/>	<input type="text" value="Data"/>
Baud rate	<input type="text" value="115 200"/>	<input type="text" value="9 600"/>		
Data bits	<input type="text" value="8"/>	<input type="text" value="8"/>		
Parity	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="text" value="None"/>		
Stop bits	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>		
Flow control	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="text" value="None"/>		

Forwarding configuration				
To	Serial RS-232 External /dev/ttyS0	Serial RS-485 External /dev/ttySP0	Modem control Internal /dev/ttyACM3	Modem data Internal /dev/ttyACM0
Mode	<input type="text" value="Server"/>	<input type="text" value="Server"/>	<input type="text" value="Server"/>	<input type="text" value="Server"/>
Interface	<input type="text" value="GSM"/>	<input type="text" value="LAN"/>	<input type="text" value="GSM"/>	<input type="text" value="LAN"/>
Protocol	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>
Server IP or domain	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Server as domain name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter Server as domain name			
Port	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

5.2.8 TCP/IP forwarding

You can forward single port or port ranges onto certain IP address. To add new rule for single port, enter TCP/IP Forwarding tab. In "Single port rules" section click button "New" and enter all necessary informations: Identifier, check "Enabled" field, enter external and internal port, choose protocol (TCP or UDP) and enter IP address. When adding new rule or switching tab, currently edited rule is automatically saved. You can delete it (or any other rule) by pressing "Delete" button. After changes click Save Settings to save whole configuration. You can edit port range rules in the same way in Port range rules section. You can also set IP address of demilitarized zone in DMZ section.



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Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
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- E-mail actions
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TCP/IP forwarding

Single port rules

Rules list	▼
<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
Please choose a rule you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.	
Identifier	<input type="text"/> <small>Please enter any name/identifier</small>
Enable rule	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled <small>Set this option to enable this rule</small>
External port	<input type="text"/>
Internal port	<input type="text"/>
Protocol	▼
IP address	<input type="text"/>

Port range rules

Rules list	▼
<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
Please choose a rule you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.	
Identifier	<input type="text"/> <small>Please enter any name/identifier</small>
Enable rule	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <small>Set this option to enable this rule</small>
First port	<input type="text"/>
Last port	<input type="text"/>

5.2.9 VLAN

VLAN tab enables user to create virtual IP addresses. You can define IP, netmask and identifier from range 0-4095. If you enable IEEE 802.1Q tagging Virtual IP becomes part of VLAN.



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VLAN/Virtual IP configuration

VLAN Virtual IP list	<input type="text" value=""/>
<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
Please choose VLAN you would like to edit. Please note that after editing those things you have to save global settings.	
Enable VLAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable this VLAN
Description	<input type="text"/>
Please enter VLAN description.	
IEEE 802.1Q tagging	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable IEEE 802.1Q tagging
Identifier	<input type="text"/>
Please enter number from range 0-4095.	
IP	<input type="text"/>
Accept domain name	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable accepting domain name instead of IP address
Netmask	<input type="text"/>

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5.2.10 Static routes

Under static routes tab you can define your own routings. Please click Add new button to add new routing. Enter identifier (used only to distinguish routings in www configuration), choose interface, enter destination network, netmask and gateway.



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Static routes

Static routes list	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <p>Please choose a route you would like to edit. Please note that after editing routes you have to save global settings.</p>
Identifier	<input type="text"/> Please enter any name/identifier/IP
Interface	<input type="text"/>
Destination network	<input type="text"/>
Destination netmask	<input type="text"/>
Gateway	<input type="text"/>

5.2.11 Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS is a service which allows user to make your device available under specific www address regardless of its IP changes. In order to do that you must create an account on one of web pages that are supported by MTX modem (currently DynDNS.org or No-IP.com). After creating account, please enter necessary information in Dynamic DNS tab of www configuration: your service provider, in case of DynDNS its type, username, password, host name and two intervals. Update interval is time between two checks whether IP address had changed. Forced update interval is time between updating IP data regardless of IP change. Please last two fields empty to use default value if you're not sure what to input there.



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Dynamic DNS

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Dynamic DNS

DDNS service	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/> Note that DDNS can only work on devices with public IP.
DynDNS type	<input type="text" value="Custom"/>
Username	<input type="text"/> Enter username
Password	<input type="text"/> Enter password
Hostname	<input type="text"/> Enter hostname
Update interval (sec)	<input type="text"/> IP change check interval. Default: 1 min. Max: 10 days Leave this field empty to use default value
Force update interval (sec)	<input type="text"/> Forced DDNS server update interval. Default: 1 week Leave this field empty to use default value

5.2.12 Access control

First section of Access Control tab allows you to configure SSH protocol. You can turn it on or off, set on which port and interfaces (also OpenVPN and IPsec tunnels) it should be accessible. You can also toggle logging via SSH as root and change/delete passwords/keys for root and service user. Remember to save whole configuration after changing password by pressing Save Configuration button from main menu. Deleting password means that it won't be needed to log on. When logging via SSH, key authentication has higher priority than password. That means that user with authorized key won't be prompted for a password and user without key will be able to login using password. You can paste multiple keys into SSH root key and SSH service key fields.

ATTENTION: Service account is used to upgrade firmware. Turning SSH off will disable firmware upgrades.

You can generate necessary keys directly on modem. Press the Generate button and wait for a while-the process can take few minutes. You should not change settings or switch tabs then. After the generation the message will be displayed. Public key will be automatically pasted into the keys field (if the field wasn't empty before pressing the button, its contents will be saved, the newly generated key will appear first on the list). From now you will be able to download private and public keys by pressing Get private key and Get public key buttons. To login using the key under Linux, you have to download private key, change its name to id_rsa and put it in /home/user/.ssh folder.

In WWW config access section you can toggle HTTP/HTTPS access www configuration and change ports and interfaces (OpenVPN and IPsec tunnels also) on which they will be available. You can also change password for www configuration (the change will be immediate, no saving configuration is needed). For security reasons disabling both HTTP and HTTPS is not possible.

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WiFi network
Connection control
Ports configuration
TCP/IP forwarding
VLAN
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Dynamic DNS

Access control**Advanced**

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GPIO

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Discard changes
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Access control**SSH configuration**

SSH enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable SSH service
Interfaces	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LAN <input type="checkbox"/> GSM <input type="checkbox"/> OpenVPN <input type="checkbox"/> IPsec Choose on which interfaces SSH should be accessible
OpenVPN tunnels	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Choose tunnels on which SSH should be accessible
IPsec tunnels	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Choose tunnels on which SSH should be accessible
Port	<input type="text" value="55535"/>
SSH login as root	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable logon via SSH as root
SSH root password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>
SSH service password	<input type="password"/>
SSH root key	<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Generate"/> <input type="button" value="Get private key"/> <input type="button" value="Get public key"/> </p> <p>Paste public keys of authorized users here You can also generate the public key and download its private key by clicking Generate button Generating key may take up to 3 minutes, please be patient</p>
SSH service key	<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Generate"/> <input type="button" value="Get private key"/> <input type="button" value="Get public key"/> </p> <p>Paste public keys of authorized users here You can also generate the public key and download its private key by clicking Generate button Generating key may take up to 3 minutes, please be patient</p>
WWW config access configuration	
Access protocols	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP <input type="checkbox"/> HTTPS
Interfaces	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LAN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM <input type="checkbox"/> OpenVPN <input type="checkbox"/> IPsec

5.2.13 Open VPN

You can connect your modem to a VPN network or create your own one using OpenVPN software. It is possible to create up to four VPN connections (tunnels). To view and change settings of any of tunnels select it from Tunnel configuration list under OpenVPN tab. Then choose if modem should be server or client and connection type: tun or tap. Tun connection can be single- or multiclient. Depending on what you choose here, you will later need to enter client/server IP addresses or network and netmask.

If the device should be server, please enter port on which it should listen for connections (the default VPN port is 1194, remember to open the port you chose under the firewall tab). Next, please select network device on which the connection should be held: eth (external RJ45 port) or ppp (connection via mobile network). It is also necessary to choose network protocol: TCP or UDP (use the second option if you are not sure what to choose). For tun mode user should also enter server and client IPs

(we advise you to use addresses from 10.x.x.x pool). For tap mode please enter VPN sub network address and net mask (for example 10.1.0.0 and 255.255.255.0). In most cases, your device will reserve first IP address from the pool (that is 10.1.0.1 if you are using 10.1.0.0 network).

If the device is set into client mode, in addition to settings same as those for server, you should input VPN server's IP in Remote Server IP field and its listening port in the Port field.

After filling in all necessary information user should fill in four certificate fields. The certificates should be generated on any PC (see VPN online help for more information). The contents of files should be pasted into appropriate fields of configuration. You can improve security of your VPN connection by entering TLS key into the TLS key field on every device in VPN network.

The last setting is toggling LZO compression (we advise you to enable it to improve network communication) and adding extra configuration parameters in Additional configuration field.

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Device status

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- Local network
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Advanced**OpenVPN**

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- IPsec authentication
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OpenVPN tunnels

Tunnel configuration	openVPN tunnel 1 ▾ Please select VPN tunnel you would like to configure
OpenVPN mode	Disabled ▾
Connection mode	Router (TUN) singl ▾
Remote Server IP or domain	<input type="text"/>
Remote Server as domain name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter Remote Server as domain name
VPN device	LAN ▾
NAT-T	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable NAT Traversal (NAT-T) Set this option to enable the use of NAT-T (i.e. the encapsulation of ESP in UDP packets) if needed, which can help with clients that are behind restrictive firewalls.
Port	<input type="text"/>
Protocol	TCP ▾
Network	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	<input type="text"/>
Server IP	<input type="text"/>
Client IP	<input type="text"/>
CA cert	<input type="text"/>
Server/client cert	<input type="text"/>

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Elpoma Elektronika Sp. z o.o
 Ul. Szymanowskiego 13;
 05-092 Łomianki k/Warszawy

e-mail: info@teleorigin.com
 Tel. +48 (022) 751 76 80
 Fax. +48 (022) 751 76 81

5.2.14 Ipv4 static/Ipv4 mobile

IPsec is group of internet protocols that enables user to create safe connection between devices. To configure such connection on MTX modem you need to go through three tabs of configuration: Tunnels, Mobile Clients, Keys and Certificates. First of all, you need to enable IPsec under Tunnels tab. Below this option there is a combo box that enables you to switch between different tunnel configurations. If you want to enable specific tunnel, please select Enable tunnel checkbox. Then specify network interface on which the connection will be held. It is impossible to discuss all ways to create IPsec connection, so we have described sample configuration below.

Let's say we want to connect two MTX modems with following IP numbers: 123.45.67.1, 123.45.67.2. First option, DPD interval is time after which the connection is closed if the other device is not responding. You can put any value here, we will enter 3600 seconds. Then you have to choose local subnet that will be available on remote side of the connection. It can be single host, network or LAN subnet. Let's say we will be connecting more devices later so we choose network. On first modem we enter following settings: IP=192.168.36.1, Network=192.168.36.0 and Netmask=255.255.255.0. The IP must be set properly according to the network and netmask. Next step is entering remote subnet. The local subnet on first device must match remote subnet on the second device and vice versa. We have specified local subnet on second modem with following settings: IP=192.168.35.1, Network=192.168.35.0, Netmask=255.255.255.0, so on the first modem we enter following remote subnet: Address=192.168.35.0, Netmask=255.255.255.0. After specifying local and remote subnets, you should enter remote gateway which should be other device's IP. In our case we enter 123.45.67.2 on first modem and 123.45.67.1 on second one.

Afterwards we have to define first phase of the proposal. We choose negotiation mode-aggressive is less secure, but faster than main. Next setting is device's identifier. The most common setting is My IP address for PSK authentication and RSA Cert subject for RSA certificates. Now, please choose encryption, hash algorithm and DH key group-they must be the same on both sides of connection. Blowfish encryption is usually the fastest and AES is the slowest but most secure. You can optionally set lifetime of phase 1 or leave the field blank to use default value. The most important setting of phase 1 is choosing authentication method: Pre-shared key is like password, you have to enter the same key on both sides. More sophisticated authentication method is using RSA certificates, but you need to generate certificate and key for every device. You have two options here: either input other device's certificate in Peer certificate field or add CA certificate (we will cover that topic later).

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- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
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Advanced

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- IPsec static**
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
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IPsec tunnels

Enable IPsec	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Tunnel configuration	IPsec tunnel 1 ▼ Please select IPsec tunnel you would like to configure
Enable tunnel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Interface	LAN ▼
NAT-T	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable NAT Traversal (NAT-T) Set this option to enable the use of NAT-T (i.e. the encapsulation of ESP in UDP packets) if needed, which can help with clients that are behind restrictive firewalls.
DPD interval	<input type="text"/> seconds Enter a value here to enable Dead Peer Detection (e.g. 60 seconds)
Local subnet	
Type	Network ▼
IP	<input type="text"/>
Network	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	<input type="text"/>
Remote subnet	
Address	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	<input type="text"/>
Remote gateway	<input type="text"/> Enter the public IP address or host name of the remote gateway
Phase 1 proposal (Authentication)	
Negotiation mode	aggressive ▼ Aggressive is faster, but less secure

In the second phase of proposal please specify the protocol (ESP is authentication with encryption, AH is authentication only), encryption algorithm, hash algorithm and PFS key group. Please note that you can choose multiple algorithms, but at least one should match on both sides of the connection. The last setting is phase 2 lifetime (leave field empty for using default value).

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Elpoma Elektronika Sp. z o.o
Ul. Szymanowskiego 13;
05-092 Łomianki k/Warszawy

e-mail: info@teleorigin.com
Tel. +48 (022) 751 76 80
Fax. +48 (022) 751 76 81

After configuring all settings remember to save configuration. The configuration of IPsec connection is finished unless you chose to authenticate with RSA certificates and CA certificate. In that case click on Keys and Certificates tab. Here you can add multiple Pre-shared keys and CA certificates. Adding both is similar, so we will explain only adding CA certificates. To add new one, please click on Add new button. Specify Identifier (which is used only for distinguish them in www configuration), paste CA certificate and certificate revoke list. Last field is optional and lets you ban users that shouldn't be allowed to join your network anymore.

IMPORTANT: After filling in fields click Save button and then save whole configuration by clicking Save settings. If you want to delete certificate, choose it from the list, click Delete button and then save whole configuration.



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IPsec mobile clients

Information

IPsec is disabled, so all options here are also disabled. Please enable IPsec under IPsec tunnels tab if you want to configure mobile clients

Allow mobile clients	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
NAT-T	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable NAT Traversal (NAT-T) Set this option to enable the use of NAT-T (i.e. the encapsulation of ESP in UDP packets) if needed, which can help with clients that are behind restrictive firewalls.
DPD interval	<input type="text"/> seconds Enter a value here to enable Dead Peer Detection (e.g. 60 seconds)
Phase 1 proposal (Authentication)	
Negotiation mode	<input type="text" value="main"/> Aggressive is faster, but less secure
My identifier	<input type="text" value="My IP address"/> <input type="text" value="domena.com"/>
Encryption algorithm	<input type="text" value="DES"/> Must match the setting chosen on the remote side
Hash algorithm	<input type="text" value="SHA1"/> Must match the setting chosen on the remote side
DH key group	<input type="text" value="1"/> 1 = 768 bit, 2 = 1024 bit, 5 = 1536 bit Must match the setting chosen on the remote side.
Lifetime	<input type="text"/> seconds This field is optional
Authentication method	<input type="text" value="Pre-shared key"/> Must match the setting chosen on the remote side
Certificate	<input type="text"/>

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It is possible to create IPsec connection with non-static-IP-devices. In order to do this please click Mobile clients tab. Configuration is similar to the tunnel configuration, but there are less settings (for example there is no PSK field-you should add pre-shared keys for mobile clients in Keys and Certificates tab).

IMPORTANT: When configuring IPsec connection you will sometimes want to add custom routing. This topic is covered in next section.

5.2.15 Generating SSL certificates

In order to use SSL authentication creating few files and copying them into adequate fields under OpenVPN or IPsec tabs of www configuration is needed. This can be done using PC with Linux and openssl installed. There is also Windows version of software available at <http://gnuwin32.sourceforge.net/packages/openssl.htm>.

At first we need to create folder, in which all our keys and certificates will be stored. Let's say it will be ~/keys. We create two files in it: list of certificates and file enumerating them:

```
touch index.txt
echo 00 > serial
```

and subdirectories, where the certificates and keys will be stored:

```
mkdir private certs newcerts crl
```

In order to create certificates, the certificate authority (CA) is needed. It is „main“ certificate used to create other certificates. After creating private CA key:

```
openssl genrsa -des3 -out private/cakey.pem 1024
```

Warning: please remember the CA password!

The CA certificate is generated:

```
openssl req -new -x509 -days 365 -key private/cakey.pem -out cacert.pem
```

When creating a certificate user has to provide some information like country, state/province, city, company name, e-mail address and common name. The last field is most important, it has to be unique for every device.

After creating CA certificate generation of certificate for every device used is needed.

At first the private key is generated:

```
openssl genrsa -des3 -out private/device1key.pem
```

Then we generate certificate request:

```
openssl req -new -key private/device1key.pem -out device1req.pem
```

Here user has to enter country, state etc. again. They can be the same as before except the common name.

Certificate authority signs the certificate:

```
openssl ca -notext -in device1req.pem -out device1cert.pem
```

If certificate will be used on MTX modem, password on private key has to be disabled:

```
openssl rsa -in private/device1key.pem -out private/device1key.pem_nopass
```

The whole process is repeated for every device (unique common names and filenames have to be unique for different devices!).

If IPsec protocol will be used, certain fields in www configuration under Ipsec/Tunnels tab have to be filled in. Content of *device1cert.pem* file should be pasted into the Certificate field and contents of *device1key.pem_nopass* into the Key field. Peer Certificate field can be filled with another device's certificate file or left empty. In this case the CA certificate has to be provided under Keys and Certificates tab. Contents of *cacert.pem* file should be inserted there.

If the OpenVPN protocol will be used, under OpenVPN tab content of *cacert.pem* has to be pasted into CA cert field, content of *device1cert.pem* into Server/Client cert field and *device1key.pem_nopass* into Server/Client private key field. The Diffie- Hellman parameters file has to be created for VPN connection:

`openssl dhparam -out dh1024.pem 1024`

And its content should be copied into DH PEM field. This file is common for all devices in VPN network.

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Keys & Certificates

Pre-shared keys (PSKs)

Key list	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <p>Please choose a key you would like to edit. Please note that after editing keys you have to save global settings.</p>
Identifier	<input type="text"/> This can be either an IP address, fully qualified domain name or an e-mail address.
Pre-shared key	<input type="text"/>

Certificate Authority certificates (CA certs)

CA certificates list	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <p>Please choose a certificate you would like to edit. Please note that after editing certificates you have to save global settings.</p>
Identifier	<input type="text"/> Please enter any name/identifier
CA certificate	<input type="text"/>
Certificate revoke list	<input type="text"/>

5.2.16 N2N

N2N is application that enables user to create secure subnetworks like OpenVPN and IPsec, but it is based on P2P connections. User can configure modem to host N2N server (just enable the option and choose port on which it will be available) and up to four tunnels. To configure tunnel choose N2N IP address, local and remote port, netmask and remote IP address. You have to input community name and key (all members of N2N network should have same community name and key. Rest of parameters should be used only by experienced users.

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N2N

Supernode (N2N server)

Supernode enabled Enabled

Port

N2N tunnels

Tunnel configuration

Enabled Enabled

N2N IP
Enter N2N IP address

N2N port
Enter local port number

Remote IP
Enter supernode IP address

Remote port
Enter supernode port

Netmask
Enter N2N network's netmask

Community name
Enter N2N network's name

Tunnel MAC
Enter N2N adapter's MAC address (optional)

Tunnel MTU
Enter N2N adapter's MTU (optional)

Packet forwarding Enabled
Enable packet forwarding through N2N community

HTTP tunneling Enabled

5.2.17 CARP

CARP is a network protocol that allows many devices to be connected into redundancy group which will be available as one device on chosen network address. For example you can choose devices that have IPs 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.3 to be available on 192.168.1.115. If one device will stop working, the other one will serve users at shared address. Device that is currently active on shared address is called master and other devices are called backup.

If you want to configure CARP, please choose network interface on which CARP client will be available and choose group identifier that will be same on all devices in group-it has to be number from 1 to 255. Enter virtual shared IP address. Advertisement frequency and skew regulate how often devices will be contacting each other. Remember to define up script and down script that will set/delete routings when becoming master/backup.

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RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N

CARP

NTRIP

Text messages actions

E-mail actions

GPIO

Administration

- Time
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings

CARP

CARP groups list	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <p>Please choose group you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.</p>
Identifier	<input type="text"/> <p>Please enter any name/identifier/IP</p>
Interface	<input type="text"/>
Virtual IP identifier	<input type="text"/> <p>Please enter value between 1 and 255. Value must be same on all devices in group. All groups in network must have unique values.</p>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Become preferred master	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled This option will set the device to become master as soon as possible.
Neutral mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Don't run downscript at start if backup.
Virtual shared IP address	<input type="text"/>
Advertisement frequency	<input type="text"/> <p>Interval in seconds that advertisements will occur. Please enter value between 0 and 255.</p>
Advertisement skew	<input type="text"/> <p>Please enter value between 0 and 255.</p>
Up script	<input type="text"/> <p>This script will be executed when becoming master. To view hint, please enter valid virtual shared IP address.</p>

5.2.18 NTRIP configuration page

One of /dev/ttyS0 port modes is communication with external device using NTRIP protocol. If you decide to use it, it is necessary to set the mode under RS232 Port configuration page. Then, enter settings in NTRIP page. Server address, port and initial position fields are necessary. Username and passwords are optional.

It is also possible to choose data request mode. After entering required data, please click Get List button to download data streams list from the server – it may take a while, please be patient. After downloading the list please select one of data streams.

Attention: Entering initial position is necessary to login to NTRIP server if no external device sending NMEA frames is connected to the S0 port.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP**
- Text messages actions
- E-mail actions

NTRIP

NTRIP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable NTRIP service
Server address	<input type="text"/>
Port	<input type="text"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Initial position	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable login to NTRIP server with fixed position. Use this option when there is no external source of NMEA frames connected via RS232.
Latitude	<input type="text" value="N"/> <input type="text" value="52"/> ° <input type="text" value="0"/> ' <input type="text" value="0"/>
Longitude	<input type="text" value="W"/> <input type="text" value="22"/> ° <input type="text" value="0"/> ' <input type="text" value="0"/>
Data request mode	<input type="text" value="NTRIP Version 2.0 Caster in TCP/IP mode"/>
Mountpoint	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Get List"/>

5.2.19 SMS Actions

SMS Actions tab allows user to define shell scripts that will be executed every time modem receives SMS with specified content.

To enable this option ensure that global SMS Actions checkbox is enabled and you have set one of available ports into SMS receiving mode under Ports configuration tab. Then click New button, enter any identifier and command-sms content that will trigger action. You can write any shell script you want and/or set GPIO action to be executed.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP

Text messages actions

E-mail actions

GPIO

Administration

- Time
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings

Text messages actions

Text messages (SMS) server

Management	Incoming text messages (SMS) Sent text messages (SMS) Report text messages (SMS) Help
-------------------	--

Text messages (SMS) configuration

Enabled Enabled

Text messages (SMS) actions

Text messages (SMS) actions list

SMSback my IP ▼

New

Delete

Please choose action you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.

Identifier

SMSback my IP
Please enter any identifier

Command

Myip
Please enter command (content of text message)

Script

```
#!/bin/bash
smssend.sh $1 "GSM IP:
$(myip gsm); LAN IP:
```

This script will be executed after receiving text message (SMS) command

Event action

▼
on pin(s) number
 11 12 13 14

5.2.20 GPIO

Settings under GPIO tab in www configuration enable user to configure external input and output GPIO ports. When switching tab to GPIO current pin states is read automatically into eight fields in upper section of the webpage. In whole configuration the following convention is used: the unchecked field represents low state and checked field represents high state. Successful read of GPIO pins states is indicated by „OK" status. In case of error „ERROR!" is displayed. If pins state update is needed, please click Refresh button.

To set initial states of output pins use checkboxes 11,12,13 and 14. They are set when the modem is powered up and when the GPIO configuration is changed and saved.

Section GPIO events allows user to create unlimited number of events on which the state of output pins will be changed. In order to create a new event, click New button and then fill out all necessary fields. The identifier is used to distinguish events. It can be any character string. The event type determines if an event is executed only once (One time) or with determined frequency (Regular). In case of one time event enter UTC date and time of the event. Make sure that real time clock is set correctly on the device. In case of regular event specify time interval between two [consecutive] event executions. Finally choose pin or pins used for the event and what action should be taken (setting high state, setting low state or switching states). Let's assume pins 11,13 was selected and action set to „Set HIGH state". As result at entered time of the event high state will be set on pins 11,13 and on pins 12,14 no action will be taken (previous state will be preserved). An event execution can be also directly tested by clicking Test (current GPIO states will be refreshed automatically).

There is also a possibility to manually operate GPIO pins using HTTP GET

<device ip>/actions/gpio_action.php request. The following parameters can be used:

Parameter	Accepted values
cmd	readall, read, write
pins	Any combination of pins 7-14 separated by commas
state	H, L, I, S (high, low, input, switch states)

The readall command requires no additional parameters. However, read and write requires setting pins parameter. write requires setting state parameter. Please keep in mind that you are not able to set state on input pins. Parameters should be provided in webpage address after '?' character typical for complex GET requests. Parameter and its values are separated with = character, i.e. „parameter=value". Each pair of parameter and value are separated from another with & character (see examples).

Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP
- Text messages actions
- E-mail actions

GPIO

Administration

- Time
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings

GPIO

Read current GPIO states	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9 <input type="checkbox"/> 10 <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 <input type="checkbox"/> 13 <input type="checkbox"/> 14 <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Refresh"/>
Initial states	<input type="checkbox"/> 11 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 <input type="checkbox"/> 13 <input type="checkbox"/> 14 These are initial states of GPIO pins that are set after the modem is powered on. Checked checkbox means HIGH state, unchecked means LOW state.
GPIO events	
GPIO events list	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Update/Add"/> Please choose event you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.
Identifier	<input type="text"/> Please enter any identifier
Event type	<input type="text"/>
Repeat every:	
Days:H:M:S	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Repeat every	Please enter UTC date/time
Y/M/D	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
H:M:S	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Event action	on pin(s) number <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 <input type="checkbox"/> 13 <input type="checkbox"/> 14 <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Test"/>

Examples of usage are shown below.

Prints current state of all ports:

192.168.1.234/actions/gpio_action.php?cmd=readall

Prints current state of physical output number 14:

192.168.1.234/actions/gpio_action.php?cmd=read&pins=14

Sets low state on physical outputs number 11 and 12 (On successful execution no text is printed):

192.168.1.234/actions/gpio_action.php?cmd=write&pins=11,12&state=L

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5.2.21 CAN

If you have modem with CAN interface you can configure it under CAN tab. You can set the baudrate and set forwarding CAN frames to TCP using `slcanpty` or `socketcand`.

ELPROMA RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel
Modem: G24, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, CAN, firmware: 130724 www.m2mqsm.com

CAN

CAN bitrate 10kbit

User bitrate

Forwarding with slcanpty

Service enabled Enabled

Interface CAN

Connection mode Client

IP address Please enter destination IP address

Port Please enter port number

Forwarding with socketcand

Service enabled Enabled

Interface LAN

Port 1234
Please enter port number

Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VI AN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP
- SMS Actions
- GPIO
- CAN**

Administration

- Time
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings

5.2.22 Time

Here you can manually set hardware clock or input IP of NTP server to synchronize time automatically



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RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

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Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
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- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

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- IPsec static
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- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP
- Text messages actions
- E-mail actions
- GPIO

Administration

- Time**
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings

NTP

RTC time (UTC)	2014-12-23 02:24:43
NTP Peer 1 preferred server	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable peer 1 server querying
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address NTP server
Server as domain name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter NTP Server as domain name
NTP Peer 2 server	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable peer 2 server querying
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address NTP server
Server as domain name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter NTP Server as domain name
NTP Peer 3 server	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled Set this option to enable peer 3 server querying
	<input type="text"/> Enter IP address NTP server
Server as domain name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter NTP Server as domain name
Date (Y/M/D)	<input type="text" value="2014"/> <input type="text" value="12"/> <input type="text" value="23"/>
Time (h:m:s)	<input type="text" value="2"/> <input type="text" value="24"/> <input type="text" value="28"/>
Set date/time	<input type="button" value="Set"/> Please enter date/time below and press Set button

5.2.23 Syslog

Here you can define how modem should save your logs. Modem has internal memory that get overwritten when it reaches its end. You can also save logs on your computer by clicking download (manually). It is also possible to get remote access to logs by enabling Remote service and setting SYSLOG host.

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Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

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Administration

- Time
- Syslog**
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore
- Discard changes
- Save settings

SYSLOG

Local service log	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
Remote service	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled If this option is set, device will store system logs on remote host	
SYSLOG host	<input type="text"/> Enter SYSLOG host IP address here	
SYSLOG host as domain name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter SYSLOG host as domain name	

5.2.24 User files

You can upload to the modem your own scripts and executable files and set them to be used in certain situations (e.x. when the VPN connection is established or at modem startup). Under User files tab there is a list of user files. It is refreshed automatically after selecting tab, it can be also manually refreshed by pressing Refresh button. To delete file, select it from the list and press Delete button. To upload file, click Upload new button. You will be redirected to separate site. Choose file by pressing Browse... button and commit your choice by clicking Upload. After upload you will be informed if the whole operation was successful or the error message will be displayed. Use link to return to the main page of www configuration. All files are stored with rights for file execution, so they can be used in scripts.

Below the file upload panel there are two fields, where you can write scripts. Startup script will be executed after startup procedure of modem and Reconfiguration script every time you click Save Configuration button in www configuration. You can write your scripts in Bash or PHP, but remember to use special header for scripts ((#!/bin/bash lub #!/usr/bin/php). You can execute uploaded user files, they are stored in /root/userfiles.

WARNING: Binary files uploaded to modem should be compiled for processor installed in modem!

5.2.25 Backup and restore

The screenshot displays the RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel. The top header shows the device model 'Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223' and the website 'teleorigin.com'. A left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories: Device status, Basic (Local network, GSM network, Wifi network, Connection control, Ports configuration, TCP/IP forwarding, VLAN, Static routes, Dynamic DNS, Access control), Advanced (OpenVPN, IPsec static, IPsec mobile, IPsec authentication, N2N, CARP, NTRIP, Text messages actions, E-mail actions, GPIO), and Administration.

The main content area is titled 'User files' and is divided into two sections:

- Files upload:** Contains a 'User files list' dropdown menu, 'Refresh' and 'Delete' buttons, and a 'Select File:' field with options 'Wybierz plik' and 'Nie wybrano pliku'. An 'Upload' button is also present. A note states: 'Files are stored in /root/userfiles/. You can delete files by choosing one from list and clicking Delete button'.
- Scripts:** Contains two script configuration areas:
 - Startup script:** A text input field with a note: 'This script will be executed after boot-up procedure'.
 - Reconfiguration script:** A text input field with a note: 'This script will be executed after reconfiguration procedure (changing settings via www configuration)'.

Under backup and restore tab user can:

- Save/load alternative configurations
- Configure FTP client to periodically check FTP server for latest configuration
- Download/Upload backup configuration

RBMTX

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RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status

Basic

- Local network
- GSM network
- Wifi network
- Connection control
- Ports configuration
- TCP/IP forwarding
- VLAN
- Static routes
- Dynamic DNS
- Access control

Advanced

- OpenVPN
- IPsec static
- IPsec mobile
- IPsec authentication
- N2N
- CARP
- NTRIP
- Text messages actions
- E-mail actions
- GPIO

Administration

- Time
- Syslog
- User files

Configuration

- Backup and restore**
- Discard changes
- Save settings

Backup and upgrade**Alternative configurations****Configuration list**

<<unused>> ▼

Configuration name <<unused>>

Delete

Save

Load

Here you can save/load alternative configuration files

Downloading configuration from FTP**FTP configuration daemon** **Enabled****URL**

Please enter full FTP path to compressed configuration file, e.x. ftp://192.168.1.1/configuration.tar.bz2

Username

Password

Force SSL connection **Enabled**

FTP server has to support SSL.

Check interval

Enter interval in seconds between FTP checks or leave the field empty to use the default value (60).

Upload current configuration to FTP

Upload

Download configuration

Download

Here you can download your current configuration for later use.

Upload configurationSelect File: Nie wybrano pliku**5.2.26 Discard changes**

Discard current changes in configuration which were not saved yet.

5.2.27 Save settings

To save your settings click save setting and wait until message will show up to confirm your configuration data was saved.

TELEORIGINElpoma Elektronika Sp. z o.o.
Ul. Szymanowskiego 13;
05-092 Łomianki k/Warszawye-mail: info@teleorigin.com
Tel. +48 (022) 751 76 80
Fax. +48 (022) 751 76 81

5.3 System logs description

This paragraph shows structure of typical System log with some basic errors:

```
01/01/0000:00:30 rbmtx syslogd 1.4.1: restart.
01/01/0000:00:31 rbmtx Start: RBMTX - FIRM:141226 - modem and firmware info
01/01/0000:00:35 rbmtx supervisor[560]: SIM Holder open/closed - SIM holder open/closed by software
01/01/0000:00:36 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Modem init 1 - first initialization try
01/01/0000:01:09 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Init /dev/ttyS1 - port initialization
01/01/0000:01:10 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Init /dev/ttyACM0
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Modem is not registered on the GSM network - modem is not able to log into network
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Entering Modem is ready
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Entering PIN OK - modem is ready for connection
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Entering PIN error code: - wrong PIN message
01/01/0000:01:14 rbmtx login[811]: unable to change tty `/dev/ttyS0' for user `root'
01/01/0000:01:14 rbmtx login[811]: ROOT LOGIN on `ttyS0'
01/01/0000:01:20 rbmtx pppd[901]: pppd 2.4.5 started by root, uid 0 - connection
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: timeout set to 2 seconds
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: AT
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (ATZ0)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: ATZ0
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (NO DIALTONE)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (ERROR)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (NO ANSWER)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (BUSY)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: AT
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (ATZ0)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (NO CARRIER)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: timeout set to 30 seconds
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: ATZ0
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: AT
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT+CGDCONT=1,"ip","example.apn")
```

RBMTX

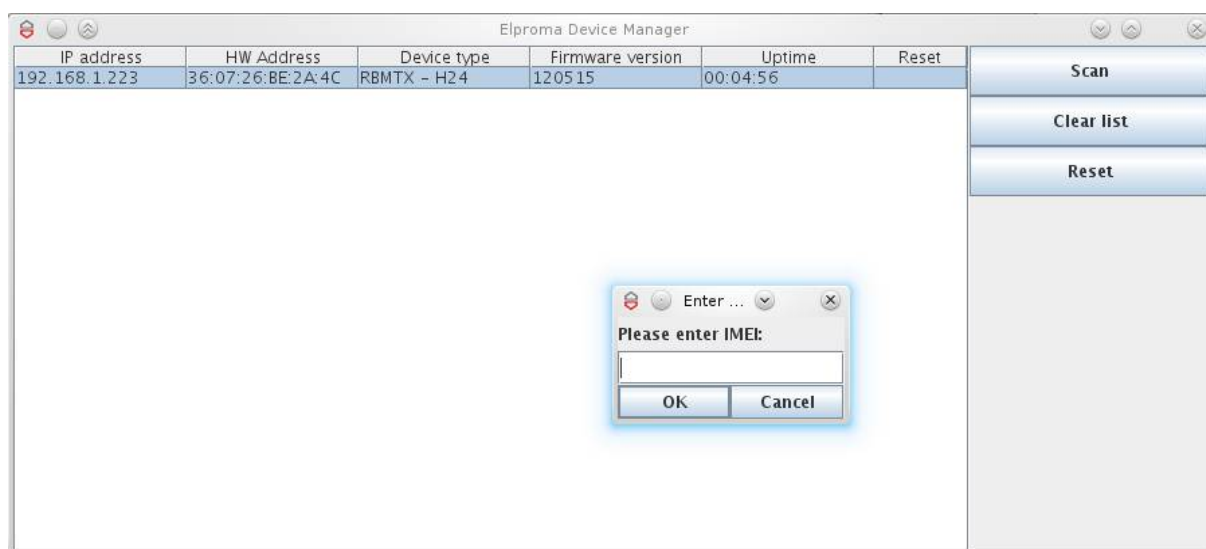
We're talking M2M language...

```
01/01/0000:01:22 rbmtx chat[903]: clear abort on (ERROR)
01/01/0000:01:22 rbmtx chat[903]: send (dddATD*99#)
01/01/0000:01:23 rbmtx supervisor[560]: pppd check loop:1
01/01/0000:01:25 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (CONNECT)
01/01/0000:01:25 rbmtx chat[903]: AT+CGDCONT=1,"ip","example.apn"
```

5.4 Elproma Device Manager

Elproma Device Manager is an application which allows you to find RB MTX modems in local area network (LAN) and then restore factory settings by entering their IMEI number. It is particularly useful when you forgot IP number of device and you can't access it by terminal on serial port.

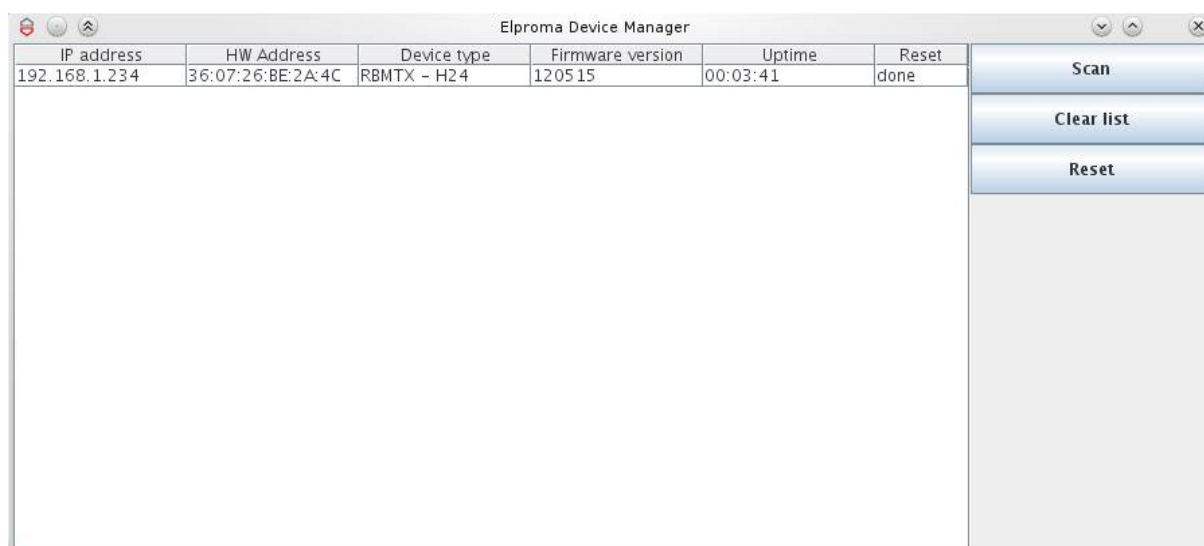
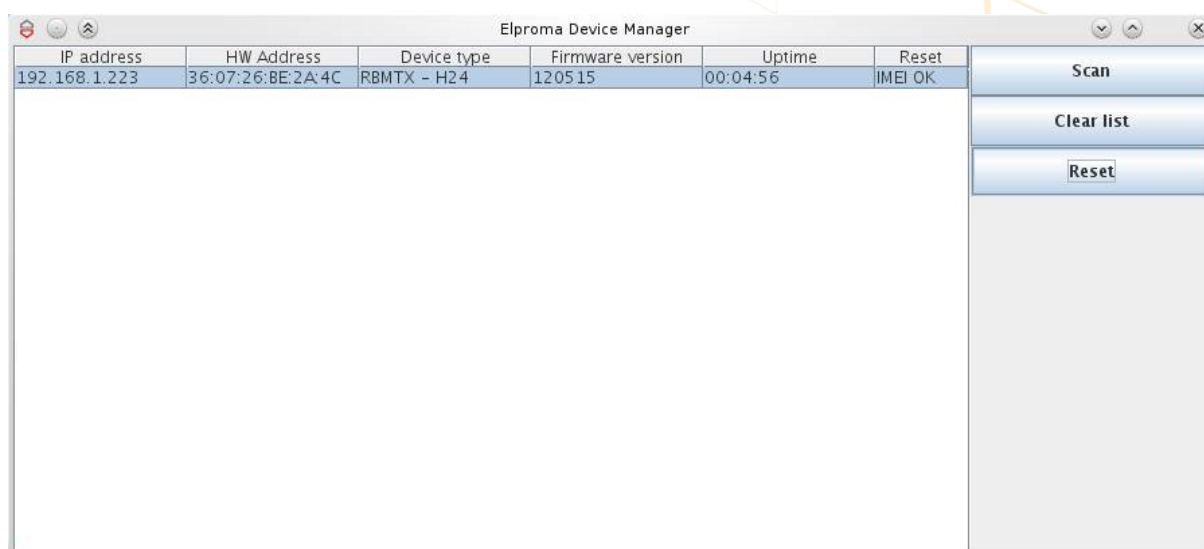
The installation process is pretty simple-you launch .exe file and choose path where to unpack the application. The main window of program consists of table-list of devices available on your network and buttons: Scan, Clear List, Reset and About. First you need to scan the network for devices. It takes few seconds to list all the devices. Please also keep in mind that it takes a while to boot modem so it won't respond immediately after you turn it on.



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When the scan is complete you can see list of available devices in the table. You can review information like IP address, MAC address, device name, firmware version and uptime. If you want to restore factory settings on any device on the list, click the Reset button and enter IMEI. Program will send special packet to all devices, but only the one with IMEI you have entered will be affected. If the IMEI is correct and the factory settings have been restored you should see „IMEI OK" in one of cells of last column. This device will now reset to load new settings and after about 1-2 minutes it will confirm that whole operation was successful - you should see then that „IMEI OK" will change to „done".



6 Troubleshooting

6.1 No communication with the modem

If there is no communication with the modem do the following steps:

- Check all external connections of the modem
- Verify if power supply is correct
- Check if TCP/IP parameters are correct
- Check if any firewall is not blocking connection with the modem

6.2 Modem answers but there is no internet connection

If there is no internet connection do following:

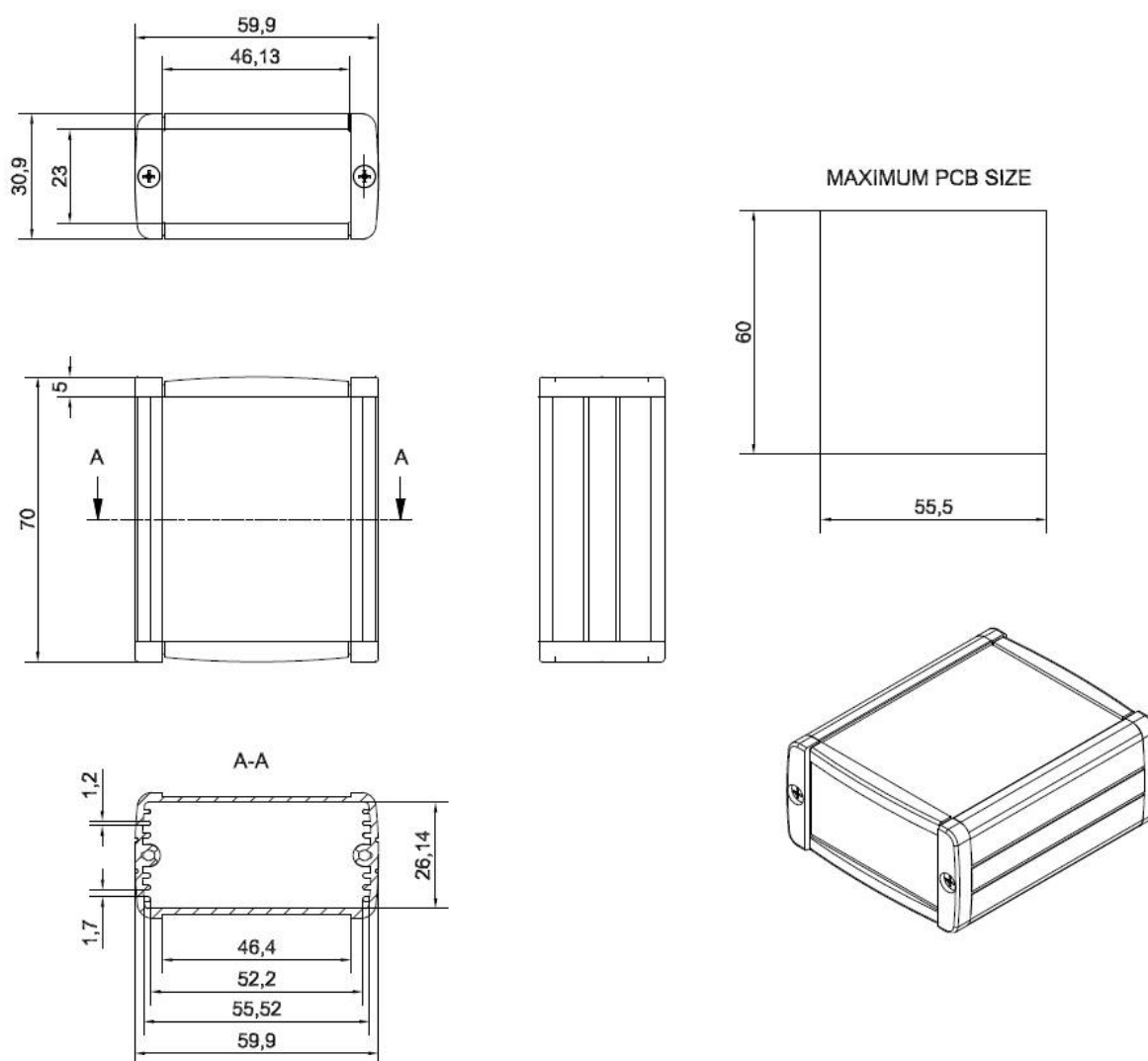
- Check if antenna is connected properly
- Check if you have reception of GPRS/EDGE/HSPA signal in your area (on website of GSM provider)
- Check if you configured your modem with proper parameters provided by your network provider (they should match in order to connect to internet)
- In case you do not have internet access contact your provider in order to get internet access

7 Technical characteristics

7.1 Mechanical characteristic

Max. dimensions	70 x 59,9 x 30,9 mm (w/o connectors) 80 x 59,9 x 30,9 mm (w/ connectors)
Weight	≈138,3 g (only modem w/o any external connection) ≈145,7g (modem w/ antenna)
Volume	≈129,56 cm ³ (w/o connectors)

7.2 Housing (dimension diagram)



7.3 Electrical characteristic

7.3.1 Power supply

- Nominal voltage range: 9V-30V
- Maximum continuous (average) supply power: 5W
- Peak (momentary) supply current: 1 A

7.3.2 RF characteristics

7.3.2.1 Frequency ranges - HSPA+ variant

WCDMA1700 (band IV)	1710 ~ 1755	2110 ~ 2155	Tx: 1312 ~ 1513 additional 1662, 1687, 1712, 1737, 1762, 1787, 1812, 1837, 1862 Rx: 1537 ~ 1738 additional 1887, 1912, 1937, 1962, 1987, 2012, 2037, 2062, 2087	400MHz
WCDMA1900 (band II)	1850 ~ 1910	1930 ~ 1990	Tx: 9262 ~ 9538 additional 12, 37, 62, 87, 112, 137, 162, 187, 212, 237, 262, 287 Rx: 9662 ~ 9938 additional 412, 437, 462, 487, 512, 537, 562, 587, 612, 637, 662, 687	80MHz
WCDMA2100 (Band I)	1920 ~ 1980	2110 ~ 2170	Tx: 9612 ~ 9888 Rx: 10562 ~ 10838	190MHz
WCDMA850 (band V)	824 ~ 849	869 ~ 894	additional 782, 787, 807, 812, 837, 862 Rx: 4357 ~ 4458 additional 1007, 1012, 1032, 1037, 1062, 1087	45MHz
WCDMA900 (band VIII)	880 ~ 915	925 ~ 960	Tx: 2712 ~ 2863 Rx: 2937 ~ 3088	45MHz

7.3.2.2 Frequency ranges - UMTS variant

Mode	Freq. TX [MHz]	Freq. RX [MHz]	Channels	TX - RX offset
GSM850	824.2 ~ 848.8	869.2 ~ 893.8	128 ~ 251	45 MHz
EGSM900	890.0 ~ 914.8	935.0 ~ 959.8	0 ~ 124	45 MHz
	880.2 ~ 889.8	925.2 ~ 934.8	975 ~ 1023	45 MHz
DCS1800	1710.2 ~ 1784.8	1805.2 ~ 1879.8	512 ~ 885	95MHz
PCS1900	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1930.2 ~ 1989.8	512 ~ 810	80MHz
WCDMA850 (band V)	826.4 ~ 846.6	871.4 ~ 891.6	Tx: 4132 ~ 4233 Rx: 4357 ~ 4458	45MHz
WCDMA900 (band VIII)	882.4 ~ 912.6	927.4 ~ 957.6	Tx: 2712 ~ 2863 Rx: 2937 ~ 3088	45MHz
WCDMA1900 (band II)	1852.4 ~ 1907.6	1932.4 ~ 1987.6	Tx: 9262 ~ 9538 Rx: 9662 ~ 9938	80MHz
WCDMA2100 (Band I)	1922.4 ~ 1977.6	2112.4 ~ 2167.6	Tx: 9612 ~ 9888 Rx: 10562 ~ 10838	190MHz

7.3.2.3 WiFi characteristics

Standards	802.11b/g/n, 802.3, 802.3u
Frequency band	2.4 Ghz
Output power	13 dBm@11n 17 dBm@11b 15 dBm@11g tolerance ± 2 dBm.
Data rates:	up to 150Mbps

7.3.2.4 External antenna

The external antenna is connected to the modem via SMA connector.

Antenna must have parameters as shown below in table.

Antenna frequency range	Supporting GSM, UMTS or LTE frequencies for GSM or ISM 2.4 GHz for WIFI
Impedance	50 Ω
DC impedance	0 Ω
Gain	0 dBi
VSWR (with cable)	-10 dB

The antenna chosen for working with modem should best fit to circumstances of environment it is used in. When the modem is placed in a room or somewhere where the range of networks signal is too low, the outdoor or specific indoor antenna should be used to increase it.

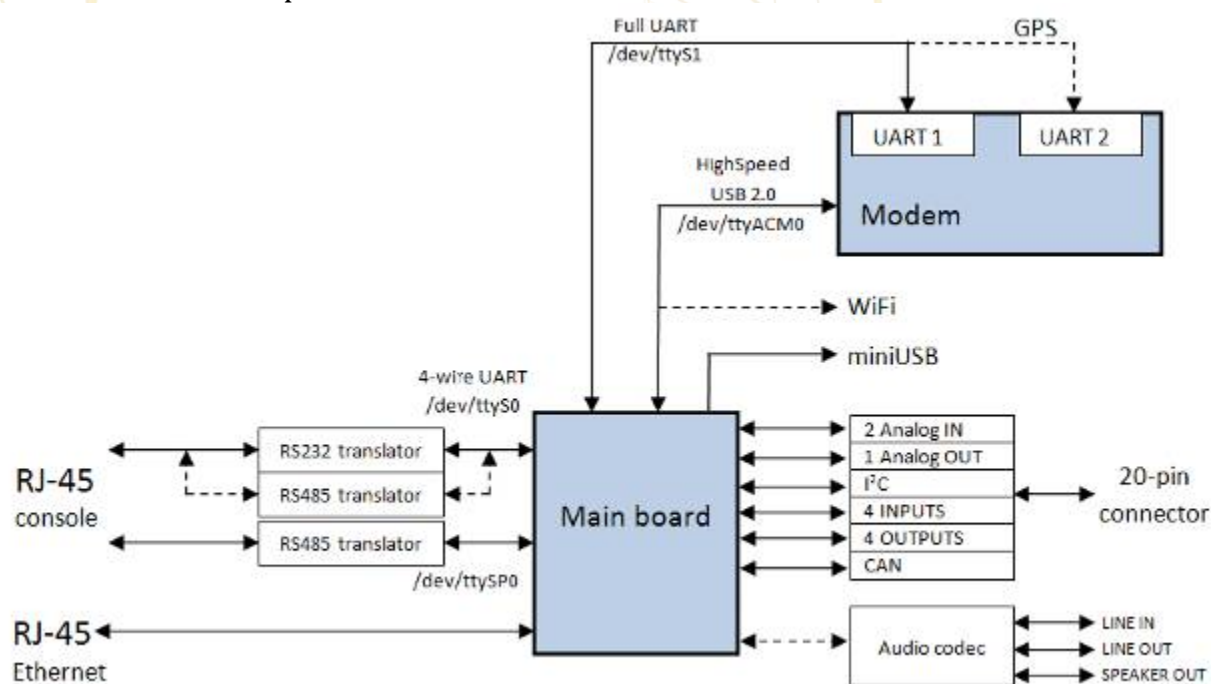
7.4 Environmental characteristic

Attention! Exceeding the values may result in permanent damage to the module.

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Ambient Operating Temperature	-15	45	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

8 Terminal architecture

Diagram below shows simplified architecture of RBMTX. Features marked with dotted lines are available as option.



9 Safety recommendations

9.1 General Safety

Please follow safety regulations regarding the use of radio equipment due to the possibility of radio frequency interference. Read given advices carefully.

Switch **off** GSM terminal when:

- in an aircraft – using cellular telephones in aircraft may endanger the operation of the aircraft; it is illegal
- at a refuelling point
- in any area with potentially explosive atmosphere which could cause an explosion or fire
- in hospitals and any other places where medical equipment is in use

Respect restrictions on the use of radio equipment in any area or place where it is signalized that using cellular telephony is forbidden or dangerous.

Using GSM modem close to other electronic equipment may also cause interference if the equipment is inadequately protected. It may lead to damage or failure of GSM modem or the other equipment.

9.2 Care and Maintenance

The RBMTX terminal is a electronic product that should be treated with care. Please follow suggestions shown below due to using modem for many years.

- Do not expose terminal to any extreme circumstances like high temperature or high humidity
- Do not keep modem in dirty and dust places
- Do not disassemble the modem
- Do not expose the modem to any water, rain or steam
- Do not drop, shake or knocking your modem
- Do not place your modem close to magnetic devices – credit cards, etc
- Use of third party equipment or accessories, not made or authorized by Elproma Electronics may invalidate the warranty of modem and/or cause failure or permanent damage of modem
- Do not expose the modem to children under 3 years

9.3 Responsibility

The modem is under your responsibility. Please treat it with care, and respect local regulations. This is not a toy – keep it out of the reach of children.

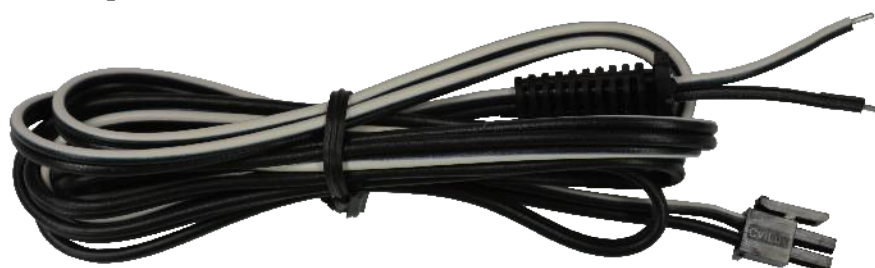
Try to use security features (PIN etc.) to block unauthorized use or theft.

10 Accessories

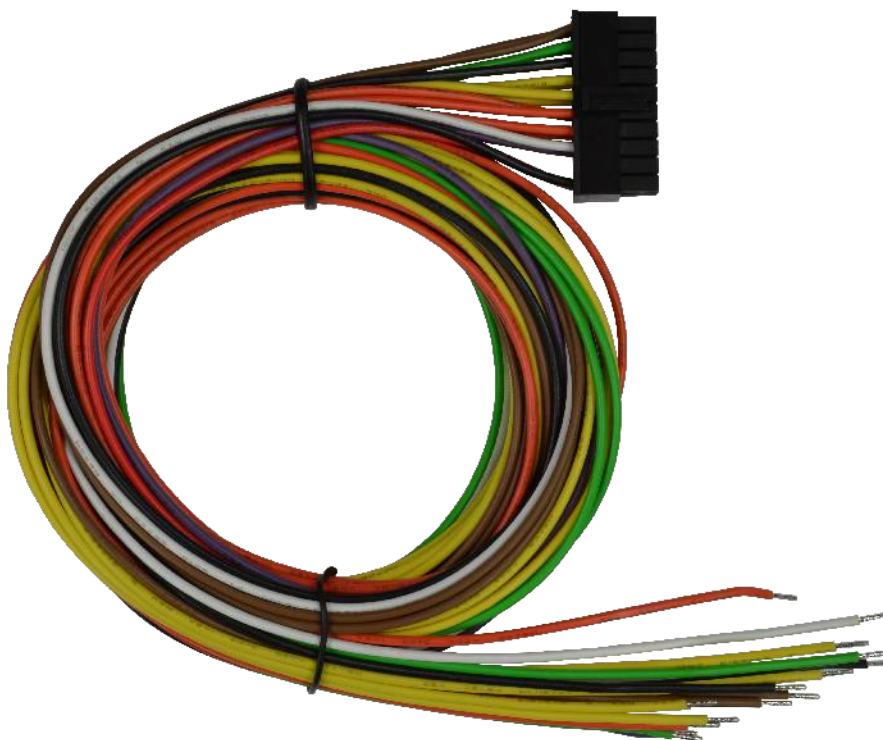
The tables below shows recommended accessories for RBMTX terminal.

Part No.	Name	Description
RB-PS12VP2L15	12V power adaptor	<1,5m> 2 PIN
RB-PSCP2L15	Supply cable	2PIN <1,5m> open end
RB-903G	3G angle antenna	2J010
RB-89MSH	SIM drawer	MOLEX 0912360001
RB-MDH	DIN Holder	
RB-MR2R4	RS232/RS485 2in1 cable	

Power cable - open end



IO cable



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RS232/485 cable



DIN rail holder



Bur holder



11 Safety Recommendations

READ CAREFULLY

Be sure the use of this product is allowed in the country and in the environment required. The use of this product may be dangerous and has to be avoided in the following areas:

- Where it can interfere with other electronic devices in environments such as hospitals, airports, aircrafts, etc
- Where there is risk of explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc

It is responsibility of the user to enforce the country regulation and the specific environment regulation.

Do not disassemble the product; any mark of tampering will compromise the warranty validity.

We recommend following the instructions of the hardware user guides for a correct wiring of the product. The product has to be supplied with a stabilized voltage source and the wiring has to be conforming to the security and fire prevention regulations.

The product has to be handled with care, avoiding any contact with the pins because electrostatic discharges may damage the product itself. The same cautions have to be taken for the SIM, checking carefully the instruction for its use. Do not insert or remove the SIM when the product is in power saving mode.

The system integrator is responsible of the functioning of the final product; therefore, care has to be taken to the external components of the module, as well as of any project or installation issue, because the risk of disturbing the GSM network or external devices or having impact on the security. Should there be any doubt, please refer to the technical documentation and the regulations in force.

Every module has to be equipped with a proper antenna with specific characteristics. The antenna has to be installed with care in order to avoid any interference with other electronic devices and has to guarantee a minimum distance from the people (20 cm). In case of this requirement cannot be satisfied, the system integrator has to assess the final product against the SAR regulation.

1. The unit does not provide protection from lightning and surge. For outdoor installation use outdoor nonmetallic case safety approved according UL 50. Additionally you should provide protection from lightning and over voltage according National code.

2. Be sure the use of this product is allowed in the country and in the environment required. The use of this product may be dangerous and has to be avoided in the following areas: Where it can interfere with other electronic devices in environments such as hospitals, airports, aircrafts, etc. Where there is risk of explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc. It is responsibility of the user to enforce the country regulation and the specific environment regulation. Do not disassemble the product; any mark of tampering will compromise the warranty validity. We recommend following the instructions of the hardware user guides for a correct wiring of the product. The product has to be supplied with a stabilized voltage source and the wiring has to be conforming to the security and fire prevention regulations. The product has to be handled with care, avoiding any contact with

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the pins because electrostatic discharges may damage the product itself. Same cautions have to be taken for the SIM, checking carefully the instruction for its use. Do not insert or remove the SIM when the product is in power saving mode. The system integrator is responsible of the functioning of the final product; therefore, care has to be given to the external components of the unit, as well as of any project or installation issue, because the risk of disturbing the GSM network or external devices or having impact on the security. Should there be any doubt, please refer to the technical documentation and the regulations in force. Every unit has to be equipped with a proper antenna with specific characteristics. The antenna has to be installed with care in order to avoid any interference with other electronic devices and has to guarantee a minimum distance from the body (20 cm/8"). In case this requirement cannot be satisfied, the system integrator should assess the final product against the SAR regulation. The European Community provides some Directives for the electronic equipment introduced on the market. All the relevant information available on the European Community website:

<http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/rtte/dir99-5.htm>

The text of the Directive 99/05 regarding telecommunication equipment is available, while the applicable Directives (Low Voltage and EMC) are available at:

http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/electr_equipment/index_en.htm

12 Certifications

12.1 Conformity Assessment Issues

The RBMTX has been assessed in order to satisfy the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/05/EC (Radio Equipment & Telecommunications Terminal Equipments) to demonstrate the conformity against the harmonised standards with the final involvement of a Notified Body.



12.2 Declararions of conformity

The RBMTX product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents:

Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS router Model: RBMTX-Ux1	Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS router with WiFi Model: RBMTX-Ux1.X.W.X.X
R&TTE 1999/5/EC RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2): EN 301 511 V9.02 EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1 EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1 EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b): EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1 EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1 EN 55022 Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a): EN 60950-1	Reference standard(s): R&TTE 1999/5/EC RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2): EN 301 511 V9.02 EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1 EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1 EN 300 328 EN 301 489-3 EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b): EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1 EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1 EN 55022 Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a): EN 60950-1

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<p>Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA+router Model: RBMTX-Hx1</p>	<p>Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA router with WiFi Model: RBMTX-Hx1.X.W.X.X</p>
<p>R&TTE 1999/5/EC RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2): EN 301 511 V9.02 EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1 EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1 EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b): EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1 EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1 EN 55022 Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a): EN 60950-1</p>	<p>R&TTE 1999/5/EC RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2): EN 301 511 V9.02 EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1 EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1 EN 300 328 EN 301489-3 EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b): EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1 EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1 EN 55022 Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a): EN 60950-1</p>

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<p>Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA+/LTE router Model: RBMTX-Lx1</p>	<p>Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA+/LTE router with WiFi Model: RBMTX-Lx1.X.W.X.X</p>
<p>R&TTE 1999/5/EC RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2): EN300 440-2 V1.4.1 EN 301 511 V9.02 EN 301 908-1 V6.2.1 EN 301 908-2 V5.4.1 EN 301 908-13 V5.2.1 EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b): EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 301 489-3 V1.6.1 EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1 EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1 EN 55022 Class B Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a): EN 60950-1</p>	<p>R&TTE 1999/5/EC RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2): EN 300 440-2 V1.4.1 EN 301 511 V9.02 EN 301 908-1 V6.2.1 EN 301 908-2 V5.4.1 EN 301 908-13 V5.2.1 EN 300 328 EN 301 489-3 EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b): EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 301 489-3 V1.6.1 EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1 EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1 EN 55022 Class B Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a): EN 60950-1</p>

12.3 National restrictions

This device is intended for use in all EU countries (and other countries following the EU directive 1999/5/EC) without any limitation except for the countries mentioned below:

Norway	This subsection does not apply for the geographical area within a radius of 20 km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund
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13 List of Acronyms

ACM	Accumulated Call Meter
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
AT	Attention commands
CB	Cell Broadcast
CBS	Cell Broadcasting Service
CCM	Call Control Meter
CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
CR	Carriage Return
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CTS	Clear To Send
DAI	Digital Audio Interface
DCD	Data Carrier Detected
DCE	Data Communications Equipment
DRX	Data Receive
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTA	Data Terminal Adaptor
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
ETSI	European Telecommunications Equipment Institute
FTA	Full Type Approval (ETSI)
GPRS	General Radio Packet Service
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication
HF	Hands Free
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IRA	Internationale Reference Alphabet
ITU	International Telecommunications Union
IWF	Inter-Working Function
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display

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LED	Light Emitting Diode
LF	Linefeed
ME	Mobile Equipment
MMI	Man Machine Interface
MO	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
OEM	Other Equipment Manufacturer
PB	Phone Book
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PH	Packet Handler
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PUCT	Price per Unit Currency Table
PUK	PIN Unblocking Code
RACH	Random Access Channel
RLP	Radio Link Protocol
RMS	Root Mean Square
RTS	Ready To Send
RI	Ring Indicator
SAR	Specific Absorption Rate (e.g. of the body of a person in an electromagnetic field)
SCA	Service Center Address
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
SMD	Surface Mounted Device
SMS	Short Message Service
SMSC	Short Message Service Center
SPI	Serial Protocol Interface
SS	Supplementary Service
TIA	Telecommunications Industry Association
UDUB	User Determined User Busy
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

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14 On-line support

Elproma provides a range on on-line support which includes:

- the latest version of this document
- the latest drivers for RBMTX
- technical support

This information can be found on our web sites at:

www.elpromaelectronics.com or www.teleorigin.com

For further information You can contact us at:

email: info@teleorigin.com or info@elpromaelectronics.com

tel.: +48 (22) 751 76 80

fax.: +48 (22) 751 76 81